MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

5070 CHEMISTRY

5070/31

Paper 3 (Practical Test), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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| Ρ | age 2 | | Sche | | Syllabus | Paper |
|---|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|---------------|------------|
| | | Cambridge O Level – | Octo | ber/November 2014 | 5070 | 31 |
| 1 | (a) | Titration | | | | |
| | | Accuracy 8 marks | | | | |
| | | For the two best titres give: 4 marks for a value within 0.2 cm ³ 2 marks for a value within 0.3 cm ³ 1 mark for a value within 0.4 cm ³ o | of sup | pervisor | | |
| | | Concordance 3 marks | | | | |
| | | Give: 3 marks if all the ticked values are 2 marks if all the ticked values are 1 mark if all the ticked values are v | withir | 1 0.3 cm ³ | | |
| | | Average 1 mark | | | | |
| | | Give 1 mark if the candidate calcu ticked values. | lates a | a correct average (error not gr | eater than 0. | 05) of all |
| | | | | | | [12] |
| | | culations uming a 25.0 cm ³ pipette and a titre | e of 25 | 5.2 cm ³ . | | |
| | (b) | concentration of iodine in P | | | | |
| | | $= \frac{25.2 \times 0.1}{2 \times 25} (1)$ | | | | |
| | | = 0.0504 (1) | | | | [2] |
| | (c) | mole of oxygen | | | | |
| | | = 0.0504 | | | | |
| | | 2 | | | | |
| | | = 0.0252 (1) | | | | [1] |
| | (d) | percentage by volume of oxygen | | | | |
| | | volume of oxygen | = | $0.0252\times24dm^3$ | | |
| | | | = | 0.605 dm ³ (1) | | |
| | | percentage by volume of oxygen | = | $\frac{0.605\times100}{3}$ | | |
| | | | = | 20.2 (1) | | [2] |
| | | | | | | |

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|--------|-------------------------------------------|----------|-------|
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2 R is sodium hydroxide; S is copper(II) chloride

| Test | | | Notes |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| General points For ppt Allow solid, suspension, powder. | | | |
| For gases Name of gas requires test to be at lea Effervesces = bubbles = gas vigorous | | | |
| Solutions Colourless not equivalent to clear, cle | ear not e | quivale | ent to colourless. |
| Test 1 | | | |
| (a) turns red | (1) | | |
| (b) turns yellow | (1) | [2] | accept orange |
| Test 2 | | | |
| white ppt | (1) | | |
| ppt disappears in excess of R | (1) | | |
| colourless solution | (1) | [3] | |
| Test 3 | | | |
| effervescence | (1) | | |
| gas pops with a lighted splint | (1) | | |
| hydrogen | (1) | | to score hydrogen mark there must be some indication of a test e.g. 'popped with a splint', 'tested with a burning splint' |
| all or some of metal disappears | (1) | [4] | |
| Test 4 | | | |
| (a) white ppt | (1) | | |
| (b) insoluble in acid | (1) | [2] | |

| age 4 | Mark – Cambridge O Level | ember 2014 Syllabus Pap | | |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | | |
| Test 5 | 5 | | | |
| blue p | opt | (1) | | |
| ppt so | bluble in excess ammonia | (1) | | |
| deep blue solution | | (1) | [3] | |
| Test 6 | 3 | | | |
| efferv | escence | (1) | | |
| gas re | elights a glowing splint | (1) | | |
| oxygen | | (1) | | to score oxygen mark there must be some indication of a test e.g. 'tested |
| liquid | turns black-brown | (1) | | with a glowing splint', 'relights a splint' |
| ppt fo | rmed | (1) | | |
| on sta | anding deep blue solution formed | (1) | [6] | |

Conclusions

Anion in **R** is OH⁻ (test 1 colour change of indicator or test 2 white ppt soluble in excess) (1)

Cation in **S** is Cu^{2+} (test 5 blue ppt or deep blue solution in excess) (1)

Anion in **S** is Cl^{-} (test 4 white ppt which does not dissolve in nitric acid) (1)

Note: if correct name of any ion(s) given instead of formula, deduct one mark (therefore max 2 marks for conclusions.)

[3]

[Total: 23]